

# FAST EXPRESS

## TRAIN WRECKED

### Two Trainmen Killed and 15 Passengers Killed.

## THE ENGINE RAN INTO LANDSLIDE.

### Wreck of the Pacific Express on the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad Not Far From Poughkeepsie—One of the Fastest Trains on the Line Jumps the Track at Chelsea.

Fishkill Landing (Special).—Pacific express train No. 37, of the New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, which left the Grand Central Station in New York, at 9:32 o'clock P. M., was wrecked shortly before midnight a short distance above Chelsea and 11 miles below Poughkeepsie by running into a landslide, which had been swept down from a high embankment by the rain.

The engine of the flyer was thrown from the rails and plunged into the river. Fireman Mills was killed outright, and Engineer Edward Wells, whose home is in the Bronx, N. Y., was so badly injured that he will die.

Fifteen passengers were seriously injured and a score of others received minor hurts.

The injured were taken to Highland Hospital, at Maitland, N. Y.

All the doctors at Poughkeepsie and this place were called to the scene.

During the afternoon and night heavy rains undermined the embankment on the east side of the tracks and shortly before the arrival of train 37, tons of earth and rock slid out on the roadbed, covering the northbound track.

The express train was going swiftly when the engine plunged into the mass of earth and stones. The locomotive turned turtle and rolled over into the river. The heavy trucks of the baggage car and the first coach sank into the pile of earth and brought the remainder of the train to a sudden stop.

The passengers were thrown violently about the cars. The wrecked train was made up of four Pullman cars, six day coaches, one baggage car, one mail car and one combination baggage and mail car. Four of the day coaches were wrecked.

Superintendent McCoy, of the Harlem Division, was in charge of the relief train that came from New York. On the train were 50 or more trained nurses and a number of physicians.

### LIGHTNING STRIKES CAMPERS TENT.

### One Man Killed and Two Others Severely Shocked.

Comeau Lake, Pa., (Special).—Lightning struck the tent of a camping party during an electric storm here Sunday, killing Edward Kinsey and severely shocked Robert Martin and A. W. Ruppel, members of an outing club from Wilmerding, Pa.

The men were holding the tent pole in an effort to prevent the tent being blown away, when a bolt shattered it in their hands. The men were prostrated, but Martin and Ruppel were soon revived.

Kinsey, however, was found to be badly burned along the entire left side of the body and his heart seemed to be affected. He was rushed to a hospital at Meadville on a special train, but died before reaching there.

The two others received burns, from which they will recover.

### FISHING YACHTS CAPSIZED.

### Eight Persons Drowned Off New Jersey Coast.

Anglesea, N. J., (Special).—Two yachts coming in from the fishing banks capsized on Haverford Inlet Bar off here Sunday, and so far as can be ascertained eight persons lost their lives. There were 32 persons on one yacht, of whom 7 were lost, and 12 on the other, all of whom but 1 were saved. That not more fell victims to the rough sea was due to the heroism of Capt. Henry S. Ludlow, of the Haverford Inlet Life-saving Station, and a crew of five men. It was at first thought that from 14 to 28 persons had been lost, but after an investigation the coroner stated that he believed only eight were lost.

### Girls Drowned, Men Saved.

Somerville, N. J., (Special).—Miss May Klemens, of Brooklyn; Miss Bertha Smith, of East New York, and Miss George Lang, of Williamsburg, were drowned on Lake Hopatcong by the capsizing of a row-boat. The girls were in the boat with three young men, when a storm arose and the boat was capsized. The three men were rescued. They say they made every effort to save the girls.

### Rockefeller May Invest in Frisco.

San Francisco, (Special).—Percy Rockefeller, son of William Rockefeller, is in San Francisco investigating the field for investment. Young Rockefeller is being advised as to the usury laws of California, and if they be deemed satisfactory the Rockefeller interests are likely to invest millions in San Francisco in the near future.

### Burial of a Heavyweight.

Anderson, Ind., (Special).—Five thousand people were attracted to Anderson Cemetery by the burial of Joseph Rodzemp, a farmer and the heaviest man in Madison County. Mr. Rodzemp weighed 460 pounds. His coffin was 3 feet wide, 28 inches deep and 7 feet long. No hearse would admit it because of its size and a caisson wagon was used as a funeral car. Ten men were required to carry the coffin and to men to lower it into the grave.

### Tartars and Armenians.

Tiflis (By Cable).—Advices received here from the Armenian town of Shusha, 180 miles to the southeast, announced a renewal of hostilities between Armenians and Tartars there. Shusha was bombarded for three days with 21 guns, and finally set afire. Sunday the victory received a telegram stating that the hostilities had ceased and that five representatives of each race had been selected to draw up conditions to insure a lasting peace in the district.

### Husband Held For Wife's Death.

Chicago (Special).—The body of Mrs. Ernestine Voss, 43 years old, was found burned to a crisp in the ruins of her home. The circumstances of the case led the police to arrest her husband, John L. Voss, and he will be held pending the result of a coroner's inquest. A post-mortem examination of the corpse revealed 15 pellets of metal in the body near the backbone. The body was found in a summer kitchen, which was the last part of the house to take fire.

# LATEST NEWS IN SHORT ORDER

## DOMESTIC

### Frank J. Constantino, under arrest in Poughkeepsie for the murder of Mrs. Gentry in Chicago, declares that his brother, who, he says, is his double, and not himself, should have been arrested.

The body of Winzola M. Goodell, the missing daughter of Wesley M. Goodell, was found in "Upper Pond," Belchertown, Mass., by her father and a cousin. The girl disappeared July 6.

Charles H. Evely, a trusted bank official and an exemplary citizen of St. Louis, is wanted by the police of that city on charge of embezzling \$5,000.

H. C. Brodwin, who was a nephew of Prince Bismarck, died in St. Louis. He was a former lieutenant governor and acting governor of Missouri.

The express company clerk who invested a two-cent stamp and bid on Panama Canal bonds has sold his option at a profit of \$10,000.

The United States government is strengthening its military posts on the Mexican border in anticipation of an uprising in Mexico.

At Bangor, Me., a young athlete saved six women who were thrown into the water by the capsizing of their boat.

At the fourteenth annual meeting of the United States League of Local Loan and Building Associations, in Cincinnati, it was shown that these associations throughout the country have in hand \$620,344,257.

Miss Anna Crane, a gray-haired matron of New York, who was sent to Paris to rescue Evelyn Nesbit from Harry Thaw, declares that Thaw beat Miss Nesbit as well as herself.

A St. Louis woman who received a threatening "Black Hand" letter refused to be frightened. She turned the letter over to the police. One arrest has been made.

A Chicago man, mistaking another flat for his own, was fired upon and wounded by the rightful occupant, who mistook his neighbor for a burglar.

Frank J. Constantino, who is wanted in Chicago for the murder of Mrs. Louise H. Gentry, last January, is under arrest in Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

A jealous Italian, in New York, shot four times at the object of his affections. She escaped unhurt. Three pedestrians were wounded.

Five men have been arrested in New York, charged with washing and selling New York state stamps.

A Kentucky judge has ordered a posse of 300 men to bring in a party of feudists, dead or alive.

Ellen Terry, the English actress, will make a farewell tour of America.

W. H. Williams, of Dublin, Ga., was killed in a baseball game.

Corporation Counsel Lewis, of Chicago, charges the managers of the Marshall Field estate with moving over \$2,000,000 in stocks and bonds to New York to escape taxation.

Leader Murphy says it is not impossible for Tammany Hall to support William R. Hearst for governor of New York.

Ten lives were lost and four persons are missing in the collapse of the Amstuden building, in South Farmington, Mass.

The Republican convention of the State of New York will endorse the administration of President Roosevelt.

A Dresher, of Philadelphia, won \$2,700 in pools on the daily runs of the steamship Kroppmiz Wilhelm.

John D. Strassburg, supposed to be the oldest postoffice employe in the world, died in Louisville.

Part of a Great Northern train plunged from a tunnel into a deep lake in Washington Territory.

Officials of Chicago courts announce that publicists will be given to all applicants for divorces.

Cardinal Gibbons reached his seventy-second birthday in unusual good health and spirits.

The burning hull of an abandoned vessel was sighted 900 miles east of Sandy Hook.

Dr. George W. Atherton, of the Pennsylvania State College, is dead.

The Philadelphia Board of Health has closed 20 slaughter-houses.

A serious engagement near Muluya is reported to have resulted in the defeat of the pretender by the forces of the Sultan of Morocco.

Ambassador Whitehead Reid entertained at dinner the American delegates to the Conference of the Interparliamentary Union.

King Edward received the representation of the American Institute of Mining Engineers at Buckingham Palace.

# BOMB DROPPED

## FROM L TRAIN

### Six Union Plumbers Are Injured in New York.

## A RIVAL UNION IS ACCUSED.

### Explosive Missiles Hurled From a Third Avenue Elevated Train Into a Crowd of Men on the Street Beneath—Six Men Were Injured, Though Not Seriously, but None Were Killed.

New York (Special).—Two bombs were dropped from the windows of a southbound Third Avenue elevated train at 8:30 o'clock P. M. into a crowd of about 200 members of Associated United Plumbers, Local No. 480, in front of Teutonia Hall, 128 Third Avenue. Six union plumbers of Lodge 480 were injured, though not seriously, by the explosion of the bombs, and after having been treated by Dr. Herrick at Bellevue Hospital were able to go to their homes.

After the smoke of the explosion had cleared away and police reserves had been East Twenty-second Street Station had arrived on the scene, President William Thompson, of Local 480, sought out Police Captain Hussey, who was making an investigation of the bomb-dropping. "I am convinced that a member of Local No. 2 of the Plumbers' Union did the trick," said President Thompson.

Shortly after 8 o'clock the members of Local No. 480 began to gather in front of Teutonia Hall, on Third Avenue, near Sixth Street, in anticipation of an important meeting of the union, which was to be held there.

President Thompson had met President Frank Garland, of Local No. 2, the rival union, with whom there had been intermittent warfare for sometime, in the afternoon, and the two had come to a decision on the difference between the two union lodges. It was upon this that President Thompson was to report. The members of Local No. 480 were waiting for the Silverworkers of America, Branch No. 1, to vacate Teutonia Hall before the meeting.

As a southbound elevated train passed by overhead a black object was seen to fall to the street near the curb and right in the midst of one segment of the crowd of union men. There was a flash and a heavy explosion. Out of the heavy white cloud of smoke three men groped their way to the saloon door, three others lay prone on the cobble.

Policeman Perkins, who was standing on the opposite corner, rushed to the scene of the explosion and helped carry the injured men into the saloon. Then he immediately rang in a call for the Bellevue Hospital ambulance and sent in another for the reserves of the East Twenty-second Street Station.

Police Captain Hussey made a search of the vicinity for a possible clue to the perpetrator of the attempted wholesale assassination, but found none. Two men said that they had seen an arm stretched out of the window of the elevated train as it was going past, and had seen the package of bombs dropped. There were two explosions, one following the other almost simultaneously.

Captain Hussey picked up some burnt paper, such as that wrapped about giant torpedoes, but no other fragments of the bombs could be found. He said that it was his belief that corded bombs, steeped in nitroglycerin such as Italian bomb-throwers favor, had been the instruments used.

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# LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

## Chairman Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, sent a circular letter to the railroad companies asking them to have their schedules arranged in compliance with the law.

Information was filed in the Washington Police Court charging the District Construction Company and the Penn Construction Company with violating the eight-hour law.

Secretary Wilson made public the regulations under the recent law for inspection of packing plants and meats intended for interstate commerce.

A petition and argument for a rehearing was filed in the United States Supreme Court in behalf of ex-United States Senator Burton, of Kansas.

President Palma has pardoned the Americans who were convicted of maintaining a private telegraph line on the Isle of Pines.

The China government has decided to adopt trial by jury and several other features of the Eastern judicial system.

A commission has been constituted to select and divide the lands of the Osage Indians in Oklahoma.

Brigadier General Rice, who served in three wars, was interested in Washington with scant military honors, owing to the absence of troops from the capital.

Acting Secretary of War Oliver has sent instructions to the commanding general of the military camps of instruction to avoid the spread of disease.

The Interstate Commerce Commission has re-opened the Peavey-Union Pacific elevator case to hear further evidence regarding alleged rebates.

American Consul Britain, of Kahl, Germany, reports that adulterations of food in Germany is widespread.

One hundred and fifty thousand regulars and state militia will take part in the coming army maneuvers.

The names of 1,000 men are eligible as meat inspectors.

The War Department has issued orders to its officials ordering them to report all violations of the eight-hour law on the part of contractors.

Jackson Smith has been named manager of substance on the Canal Zone and will be responsible hereafter for all hotels and messes.

Ambassador Leishman reported his arrival at Pera, the diplomatic suburb of Constantinople.

The Guatemalan Government has returned to Salvador the prisoners taken in the recent war.

### FOUR MILES ABOVE EARTH.

### Record-breaking Ascent of Two Philadelphia Physicians.

Philadelphia (Special).—Science will be greatly benefited by the knowledge gained by Drs. T. Chalmers Fulton and Samuel J. Ottinger in their successful and record-breaking balloon ascension, the most successful ever attempted in this city. Many tests were made by both doctors, each using the other for a subject, and the knowledge gained by them will shortly be made known to the medical world. Other experiments were also made and are now in the possession of the United States Weather Bureau.

Drs. Ottinger and Fulton remained in the air four miles above the earth—the highest yet attained by a balloon in this country—until almost over West Chester, where they descended safely and called for their assistants in this city.

Other ascensions are said to be contemplated by the Aero Club, of this city, along the same lines.

### Castellane Divorce Trial October 17.

Paris, (By Cable).—The court has definitely decided that the hearing of the suit of Countess Anna de Castellane against her husband Count Boni, for divorce shall be heard October 17 or October 24 if the parties are not ready on the first date mentioned. The hearing of the suits of the Count's creditors, in which they are seeking to hold the Countess liable for the obligations incurred by the Count, was fixed for the same days.

### Saved Cook Lost His Leg.

Detroit, (Special).—The tug William B. Castle was sunk in the Detroit River near the head of Belle Isle by colliding with the lumber boat Robert Holland, which was somewhat damaged. The woman cook aboard the Castle became freighted and leaped overboard. The engineer, who had a wooden leg, jumped over her and succeeded in rescuing her, but lost his wooden leg.

### Dropped Chisel in Dynamite.

La Grange, Ga., (Special).—While William Stewart, a young employe of the King Hardware Company, was showing a customer a chisel he dropped it in a case of dynamite, causing an explosion. Stewart was killed instantly and several other men in the store were seriously injured. The building and the stock of goods, the latter valued at \$25,000, were badly damaged.

### Quake Made a Laker.

Chicago, (Special).—A dispatch to the Tribune from Sheboygan, Wis., says: "Thirty-seven acres of cultivated land on the border of Long Lake, in Fond du Lac County, sank and now is covered with deep water. The sinkage is supposed to be due to a slight earthquake shock. Farmers in the neighborhood are alarmed and afraid to go near to investigate."

### McKinley Monument Unveiling.

Canton, O., (Special).—Justice William R. Day, of the Supreme Court, has accepted an invitation to deliver the principal address on the occasion of the unveiling of the monument in honor of McKinley which is being erected by Ohio at Columbus. The ceremony will take place September 14.

### Poison in Hotel Coffee.

Meridian, Miss., (Special).—Anna Nolan, her daughter, Blanny Blanks, and the latter's husband were held for the grand jury at Lauderdale Springs, charged with putting "rough-on-rats" in the coffee served to the Springs Hotel guests. It was alleged the poison was put in the coffee to avenge a grievance against the proprietor of the hotel. Those who became ill from drinking the coffee are out of danger.

### Chemist Took Morphine.

New York, (Special).—Walter K. Freeman, a chemist, who was arrested at his summer home at Oscawana, N. Y., and locked up at police headquarters charged by Parker, Davis & Co., of Detroit, Mich., with the larceny of \$2,500, was found unconscious in his cell. He had taken morphine and is expected to die. Freeman attracted considerable attention in the coffee circles a few years ago by the claim that he had discovered the secret of making camphor by a synthetic process.

### Stocks are a Buy from Now until September 15," says John W. Sparks.

An advance in sugar prices sent up the quotation for American Sugar shares. Wheat exports continue large, 5,233,000 bushels having been shipped abroad this month.

Owing principally to the Russian crisis London was a heavy seller of American stocks.

Since its organization Amalgamated Copper has paid in dividends \$40,725,000, the capital stock amounting to \$125,000,000.

In financial circles it is generally believed that Henry C. Lippincott, manager of agencies of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, will be elected president to succeed the late Harry F. West.

Calumet & Hecla, the greatest copper mine in the world, earned net in fiscal year ending April 30, \$8,485,000, and paid \$5,000,000 in dividends. The previous year the company earned \$5,061,150 and paid \$4,500,000 in dividends.

# NEW PREMIER

## DEFINES HIS PLAN

### Calls the Constitutional Democrats "Cadets."

### SAYS THEY ARE THE AGITATORS.

### He Says Nothing is Further From the Czar's Mind Than a Policy of Reaction, but Declares That the Revolutionists Must Be Crushed Before a Definite Constructive Policy Can Be Put Into Action.

St. Petersburg, (By Cable).—"Strong handed reform" is laid down by M. Stolypin as the keynote of his administration, in an interview, in which the new Premier expressed his confidence that the policy of the masses' and the army, which, "in spite of all reports, is still loyal and reliable," will tide the country over until the convocation of the next parliament. He emphasized, as did Controller of the Empire Selvaevsk, on Sunday, the belief that the outlawed parliament was neither representative nor capable of constructive work. He spoke with special scorn of the leadership of the Constitutional Democrats, not attempting to conceal his impression that the quasi-respectability of the party was but a cover for insincerity and truckling with the worst elements of the revolution. They did not honestly believe in either a general expropriation of land or in complete amnesty. Their advocacy of these features was merely a campaign cry. The Premier stated that the members of parliament were not arrested for signing the Viborg manifesto, because that merely would have conferred a mild and much desired martyrdom on them, but they would be promptly held responsible for the slightest attempt to preach to their constituents seditious doctrines, such as refusal to pay taxes or furnish recruits to the army.

Premier Stolypin said, speaking feelingly: "There has been no coup d'etat, and nothing has been done which was not in accordance with the prescribed constitutional methods. The Emperor was empowered by the fundamental law to dissolve the Duma, and there was no other course open to His Majesty. The Duma as a whole was a dying body, and the most merciful treatment was its prompt dispatch, terminating its unprofitable existence."

Continuing, M. Stolypin said the Emperor's recent words had shown that parliament's agrarian manifesto was the last straw which caused the "cadets" (Constitutional Democrats) to bubble to burst; but the whole proceedings of parliament during the last few weeks had rendered its closing inevitable if the Emperor's authority was still to be recognized in Russia.

In reply to a question as to the role of the party included many dilute and doctrinaire, without policy or political substance. He differentiated between the really serious, patriotic members of the party and those whose sole aim was to oust the government and the Emperor, and whose inherent weakness was so potent even to themselves that they daily made greater concessions to the revolutionists both inside and outside of parliament. He considered that the tendencies displayed by the "cadets" as a body were highly dangerous, to use no stronger word.

Asked as to the extent the counteraction was likely to go, M. Stolypin replied: "At the present moment three policies are open to the Emperor and his advisers: "1. Reaction. "2. Impassivity towards the threatened revolutionists. "3. A policy of strong-handed reform. "It is the last mentioned upon which the Emperor has resolved, and upon which we have entered. A policy of reaction is the furthest removed from His Majesty's wishes, but the revolutionists must be thwarted before there can be any possibility of deciding on a definite basis for a stable future."

### SOLVING MYSTERY OF CANCER.

### English Experimenters Have Rendered Mice Immune.

London, (By Cable).—As the result of experiments with mice, the superintendent of the Imperial Cancer Research Fund laboratory announced at a meeting of the subscribers to the fund that the prospects of discovering the origin of cancer are more hopeful than ever. Experts, he said, are now able to reproduce in mice all the features of spontaneous cancer and to protect healthy mice from the consequences by inoculation.

Out of 100 mice inoculated to produce the disease 90 developed tumors, but in the protected animals no tumors occurred. It had also been found that the body fluids of protected mice injected into mice with experimental cancer retarded the growth of well-established tumors. The superintendent said that the experiments must be carried further before it can be ascertained whether they will have a bearing on the treatment of the disease in mankind.

### Lightning Melted Bells.

Chambers, France, (By Cable).—A cloudburst, accompanied by lightning, destroyed the church of Les Chavannes, about 35 miles from here. The lightning melted the church bells into a solid mass. A number of persons were injured. The storm caused an enormous amount of damage along the Franco-Italian border.

### Old Maids and Bachelors.

Des Moines, Ia., (Special).—To marry or not to marry was the question which dominated the convention of the Bachelors and Old Maids at Forest City. The convention closed with the question undecided. Race suicide entered largely into its discussion, and the prevailing sentiment seemed to be that it were better to have fewer marriages in the face of the records of the divorce courts. President Roosevelt was not indorsed because of his position on race suicide.

### Blows Against Ceiling.

Shelby, O., (Special).—A terrific explosion, followed by fire, wrecked the big Schwab & Clark grocery, and one member of the firm and two children were saved from death after heroic efforts of the firemen. A quantity of refuse in a furnace in the basement exploded spontaneously. Albert Clark, who was sitting directly over the furnace, was blown to the ceiling and his life is despaired of. The two children were in the apartments above the store and their cries brought the firemen to their rescue.

# MR. SAGE BURIED IN STEEL VAULT

## Robbery of His Grave By Ghouls Made Impossible.

New York (Special).—The body of Russell Sage was taken to Troy and buried in Oakwood Cemetery in a steel compartment specially constructed to resist any attack that might be made upon it and to prevent the possibility of another robbery by ghouls like that of A. T. Stewart's remains. It was Mrs. Sage's idea to take every precaution to prevent the despoilation of her husband's last resting place.

The steel vault cost \$22,000 and was cast in Albany. It is 7 feet 11 inches long, 42 inches wide and 32 inches in depth, and is said to be absolutely burglar-proof. On each side of the vault there are four self-locking clasps. On each end are two clasps of the same type. It is said that once locked they cannot be opened. Between the clasps are heavy rivets.

It weighs three tons and is said to be so strong enough to withstand any number of charges of dynamite. As a matter of precaution, however, it is equipped with electrical appliances that will give an alarm in the event of the vault being tampered with. It is said that for the first year a guard will be